







HOPE IN ACTION

With people who think like you, talking about climate change may seem like no big deal. But when a friend or colleague has a different opinion, the conversation can get tricky. Like religion and politics, it becomes a topic to avoid.

The Nature Conservancy's chief scientist, Dr. Katharine Hayhoe, believes that we can talk with each other in respectful and effective ways about climate change no matter what our beliefs are, and that we must do it if we care about the future of our planet. We just need to do it in a way that is constructive and respectful, not challenging those who don't see things the way we do.

That is the message she brought to Wyoming during our *Hope in Action*: Wyoming's Response to Climate Change event in Jackson this past summer. Despite her impressive scientific credentials, Dr. Hayhoe doesn't rattle off scary statistics and numbers. She believes that the path to action is through the heart, not the head. People act when they care and feel personally invested in making a difference.

So find common ground: things you both care about. We all have mutual interests—our children, our faith, water or the economy, the places where we live. Those are the intersections where we find shared values, and that's where the conversations must begin.

She advocates focusing on positive changes that are taking place and on small personal actions—like those on the list to the right. Talking about our larger goals can inspire others to start making changes too. Our powermultiplies exponentially when we advocate for climate solutions in our place of work, our school, or our city or state.

Phil Cameron discusses home energy at the Hope in Action event; Dr. Katharine Hayhoe, speaker at the Hope in Action

HOW YOU CAN FIGHT CLIMATE CHANGE

AT HOME

- Conserve Energy: Weatherize your home, use energy-efficient appliances and lighting or turn off the lights and lower the thermostat. Install rooftop solar and/or opt for renewable power whenever you can.
- Save Water: Install water-saving devices on home taps and showers and turn off the faucet when you're not using the water.
- Plant Drought-Tolerant Gardens: Choose native plants and replace lawns that require regular watering with more drought-tolerant landscaping. Root out invasive plants when you can.
- **Don't Waste Food:** Doing so also wastes the energy and water used to grow, harvest, transport and package the food. In a landfill, food produces methane—a greenhouse gas more potent than carbon dioxide.

IN YOUR COMMUNITY

- **Rethink Your Route:** Carpool, bike or walk to events, shopping and other activities. Consider buying an electric or hybrid vehicle.
- **Shop Local:** You'll reduce waste and the energy used in shipping, plus you'll support businesses and agriculture in your own community.

Buying local produce saves energy; A young cyclist practices his skills. © Shutterstock

• Use Your Voice and Your Vote: Talk about climate change with friends and family and through your social media channels. Vote with your ballot and your wallet. Support policies that promote renewable energy, reduce dependence on fossil fuels, support statewide water planning and reduce the causes of climate change.

From now through June 30, 2024,

KEEPING WYOMING WILD & WORKING

Thanks to supporters like you, the work we completed during

our last five-year strategic plan has set us up for even greater

success in the years to come. The generosity of two conservation

champions, Nancy-Carroll Draper and Diane Mott, is getting us off to an excellent start—one in which you can also play a role!

Wyoming's land, waters and wildlife. the Nancy-Carroll Draper Charitable Foundation will match up to \$500,000 in eligible gifts to inspire support from those who share Nancy-Carroll's

A lifelong conservationist, Nancy-Carroll

Draper was committed to preserving

WILD&

WORKING

W&W)

A MATCHING

OPPORTUNITY

love of Wyoming. Contact us to learn more about how your gift can qualify and unlock these matching funds to advance conservation.



A LEGACY

The late Diane Mott's fond of open spaces and wildlife. Her the Harold and Jean Mott Corridor legacy of her parents and Diane's own commitment to protecting Wyoming's world-renowned big game migrations. This fund allows TNC to address complex migration challenges through partnerships, conservation, science and policy. We are honored by her confidence and trust in TNC to preserve these ancient pathways and the wildlife that depend on them. Contact us to learn more about how you can support this important work.

To learn more, make a gift or leave a legacy for Wyoming in your estate plan, please contact us at 307-335-2120 or wyoming@tnc.org.

The Nature Conservancy





Wyoming



FOR WILDLIFE

memories of her Wyoming childhood instilled in her a love \$250,000 estate gift creating Conservation Fund honors the

Elk herd near Burgess Junction, Wyoming © Donna Robinson/TNC Photo Contest 2019

FROM THE DIRECTOR

Dear Friends,

I've been thinking a lot about all of the things that I hold dear. A frightening accident that left a loved one terribly injured does lead a person to start thinking like that. We assess all the good things in our lives that it can be easy to take for granted. Of course, my family and friends are at the top of that list. But I also appreciate how lucky I am to live in this beautiful state, surrounded by mountains and rivers and the vast open spaces of the Sagebrush Sea. Like my family and friends, I never want to take that natural bounty for granted.

> My experience was a reminder of how fragile life is. Nature is fragile, too. Like people, nature is resilient, but some healing can take a very long time and a lot of work. Still, we have no other choice. I don't want to look back some day and wonder what happened to the Wyoming I love. That's why I'm so proud to work at The Nature Conservancy. This annual report provides just a small snapshot of some of the ways our staff, trustees and supporters have helped us keep

I thank you for your friendship and support and wish you the best for the coming year.

Wyoming wild and working.



Hayley Mortimer, Wyoming State Director

BOARD OF TRUSTEES JULY 1, 2021-JUNE 30, 2022

Doug Gouge

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WYOMING'S FORESTS MATTER

Though they cover a relatively small portion of the state, Wyoming's forests have shaped many communities and provide critical habitat for much of the wildlife we love, not to mention places for outdoor fun. But our forests are facing challenges, from wildfires and climate change to disease and invasive species. One of our strategies for addressing these challenges is to use science to better understand how restoration can increase a forest's resilience to climate change. Here's an example.

CASE STUDY: SIERRA MADRE SNOWPACK MONITORING PROJECT

We know that forest restoration techniques often help reduce the risk of severe wildfires and improve forests' health and resilience to climate change. Can they also help reduce the stress of drought and improve water supplies as the climate changes? We are trying to answer this question with our Sierra Madre Snowpack Monitoring Project. We know that Wyoming's water supply is heavily dependent on winter snowpack: it's vitally important for the land to hold onto snow as long as possible, so that it slowly melts into the ground and streams. Trees provide shade to slow melting, but a very dense canopy can reduce the amount of snow reaching the ground. We want to know which forest restoration techniques could help retain more water in soil and streams and offer more resilience to future drought.

The Nature Conservancy's Wyoming and Colorado River Programs have chosen a forest demonstration site in Wyoming's Sierra Madre Mountains to explore this question more deeply. Our project is monitoring impacts of different types of forest restoration treatments on the duration of snowpack and soil moisture. Over time, we will incorporate the results into a model that will help guide decision making throughout the Colorado River system.

A BLOOMING DILEMMA

Spring and summer wouldn't be the same in Wyoming without spectacular wildflowers. These plants aren't just a feast for the eyes. In the Sagebrush Sea, they provide a literal feast for birds such as greater sage-grouse hens and chicks that feed on the insects drawn to the plants. They support pollinators and contribute to the diversity and stability of the plant community required by wildlife.

Wildflowers are essential to the mix of plants used to restore land that was previously disturbed by mining and other development. The problem is that their seeds are hard to come by. Wildflowers have been stubbornly hard to grow in agricultural environments. In nature, their seeds fall to the ground at different times of year and lie exposed to the elements, sprouting when the growing conditions are best. When this process is left to nature, it takes a lot of time.

The Nature Conservancy is trying to solve this problem by investigating the best ways to germinate seeds in the lab. If we can figure out what seeds need in order to sprout successfully, we can apply that treatment before sowing them in the field. It could be something as simple as scratching their surfaces with sandpaper. But that's a tedious process. We are testing ways to crack this problem at a scale big enough to match the demand for large-scale restoration.



LEARN MORE

about the Sagebrush Sea and our efforts to restore it at nature.org/sagebrushsea

LEFT TO RIGHT Hayley Mortimer © Nick Lund; Astragalus spatulatus, in the Gas Hills © Maggie Eshleman/TNC; © Astragalus spatulatus Gas Hills © Maggie Eshleman/TNC; Jason Baldes with his grandson © Katie Klingsporn/WyoFile; Bison released on the Wind River Reservation © Brad Christensen; Sierra Madre range © Piso DB Mojado; Tensleep Preserve © Franklin

A LONG OVERDUE HOMECOMING

In October 2021, the Intertribal Buffalo Council led the release of 50 buffalo from a Nature Conservancy preserve in Missouri to Wyoming's Wind River Reservation. The move was part of a nationwide effort to restore these animals back to Indigenous people. The buffalo were divided between the Eastern Shoshone (26) and Northern Arapaho (24).

"This brings hope to the people for future generations to reconnect to an animal that was purposely removed to subjugate our ancestors," offers Jason Baldes, a member of the Eastern Shoshone and Tribal Buffalo Manager for the National Wildlife Federation.

Since the transfer, the Tribes have added 900 acres toward a goal of 17,000 acres of new buffalo habitat for the reservation. But Baldes points out that before that vision can be realized, buffalo must be protected as wildlife under Tribal law, which would support the restoration of larger landscapes.

The movement to restore buffalo to the reservation began with the arrival of 10 animals in 2016. Today, the Shoshone herd totals 77 and the Arapaho herd has 56. In addition to expanding the herds to a larger area, Baldes hopes to eventually acquire the facilities needed to process and store harvested bison, establishing food sovereignty and improving the health of Tribal members.

TNC continues to work with the Tribes of the Wind River Reservation to realize those goals.





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FINANCIAL RESULTS

We carry out our work with a deep commitment to accountability and transparency. Our conservation accomplishments this year have been empowered by sustainable financial resources. We have built a strong and effective organization in keeping with our strategic plan.

TNC WY Statement of Financial Position - June 30, 2021 - June 30, 2022

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*Includes our conservation easements. The value of these easements, which cannot be sold, reflects the majority of the conservation lands on our balance sheets and reflect the generosity of Wyoming landowners who, to date, have granted 185 easements to The Nature Conservancy.

Programmatic Efficiency Revenue





Conservation **Fundraising** General & Administration